

Mean daily temperature for the last seven days 59.6°  
Average daily percentage of sunshine for the last seven days 69.3%

# COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

Sun rises today, 7:29; sets, 4:15.  
Mean temperature yesterday, 50.  
Weather today, generally fair.  
Sunshine yesterday, 52 per cent of possible.

NO. 14,129 43RD YEAR

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., MONDAY, JANUARY 4, 1915

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## BRITAIN'S REPLY TO U. S. NOTE IS EXPECTED SOON

America Used Same Argument as England Did With Russia in 1904

## BRITISH EXPLAIN ORDER

Will Pay for All Cargoes That Have Been Seized Since List Was Issued

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Officials of the Washington government expect the coming week to clear the air of much of the uncertainty prevalent over the seizure of American cargoes and ships by the allies. With the expected answer from Great Britain to the American note of protest of a week ago, the decision of scores of special cases probably will be expedited.

President Wilson and his advisers are confident that Great Britain will recognize that the position of the United States, as set forth in its note, does not differ from that which Great Britain herself has repeatedly maintained in previous wars in which England was a neutral.

Although the American note and Lord Salisbury's doctrine contending that foodstuffs are contraband only when they are destined to an enemy force, state department officials say the volume of international law and archives of diplomatic correspondence concerning contraband and the rights of neutrals in time of war, are filled with cases and principles thoroughly justifying the American action. They point out for example, that a much more drastically phrased note was sent by England to Russia when the latter was at war with Japan in 1904.

### When England Protested.

Not only did England declare that foodstuffs must be shown to be for the use of an army or navy, but specific protest was entered against the doctrine that it is for the belligerents to decide that certain foodstuffs are articles of war, as a matter of course, to be dealt with as contraband of war regardless of the well established rights of neutrals.

In another communication between England and Russia during the same war, the former declared that "unless some steps are taken by the Russian government to restrain their naval authorities from the indiscriminate molestation of neutral traders, the amount of compensation for which the Russian government will find liable may become enormous proportion." It is clear that they should realize that it is impossible for the government of this country to rest content with the prospect of obtaining pecuniary compensation for the sufferings of the situation which has arisen has indeed become one of the utmost gravity.

### U. S. Uses Same Argument.

The fact that almost the identical arguments used in the American note were vigorously proclaimed by Great Britain not only during the Russo-Japanese war but during previous conflicts in which the neutral commerce of England was injured through the interference of belligerent fleets, has

(Continued on Page Three)

## BUSINESS CONDITIONS ARE MUCH IMPROVED

Prospects Reassuring and War Effects Gradually Are Disappearing

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Business conditions and prospects are declared to be generally reassuring by the chamber of commerce of the United States in a report made public today. The European war is acknowledged, however, to have had a widespread and depressing effect on industrial and commercial conditions.

"Economic naturally prevails among all classes," says the report, prepared by the chamber's statistics and standards committee, "though it has been noted that this does not extend to automobiles. Future delivery goods purchased are smaller and collections uniformly poor, but lately a marked change has been noted in a lessening of difficulty in obtaining bank loans and in easing of interest rates. Conditions in the south, while slowly improving, still present a serious problem.

"Tops in general," the report adds, "have been good, but the cattle industry is confronted by a serious handicap in its difficulty in obtaining loans on cattle and by the foot and mouth disease quarantine. The sheep and wool industry is excellent, while many conditions are stated as generally poor.

"Many idle factories are reported as preparing to resume operation, and employees are being taken on where decreased forces have been working. Lack of building, however, has caused many lumber mills to close and others to run on short time."

## PURCHASE BILL COMES THIS WEEK

President Wilson May Sign Immigration Act; Military Probe to Continue

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—With the immigration bill passed by both houses and ready for adjustment by the joint conference committee, the senate probably will undertake as the next big legislative task the government ship purchase bill, which already has been reported by the commerce committee.

Senator Fletcher, acting chairman of the committee in charge of the bill, conferred with President Wilson yesterday and it was indicated that the president desired that consideration of the measure be expedited as much as possible. It is certain however that there will be vigorous opposition to the proposal that the government finance a shipping corporation and purchase, lease or charter of existing ships.

Of immediate interest in congress also is the fate of the immigration bill, President Wilson having indicated repeatedly that he disliked the literacy test as a form of restriction for aliens. Democratic supporters of the bill said today that they believed the president would sign the bill because of the other immigration reforms which it contains, waiving his objection to the new restrictive feature.

### Conferees Begin Work Today.

Conferees on the immigration bill probably will be named tomorrow. One of the senate amendments which is expected to cause most discussion in conference is that proposed by Senator Lodge which would exempt Belgian and Dutch immigrants from the literacy test, and the prohibition against inducing or aiding immigrants to come to the United States. Another amendment that will cause deliberations is that by Senator Reed to exclude persons of African blood or of the negro race. The African amendment passed the senate by a vote of 29 to 25.

Military preparedness of the country will come to the fore again during the week. Representative Gardner of Massachusetts, who has been urging special investigation of the subject, has been granted a hearing by the house committee on military affairs. The Massachusetts member will make his first appearance before the committee tomorrow. In the house the military appropriation bill continues as the unfinished business.

## J. K. VANATTA DIES AFTER LONG ILLNESS

Prominent Attorney Suffers Paralytic Stroke; Survived by Wife and Son

John K. Vanatta, for many years a prominent attorney of Colorado Springs and a resident of this city since 1896, died last night at 11:30 p. m. at his residence, 547 East Platte avenue. Death was due to a paralytic stroke the third in the last three years, during which time he had been an invalid.

Mr. Vanatta was 62 years old. He

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J. K. VANATTA

is survived by his wife, Mrs. Louise Bowers Vanatta, and one son, Jean Vanatta, both of whom were at his bedside when the end came. No arrangements for the funeral have been made.

Mr. Vanatta was born in Columbiana county, Ohio, August 12, 1852. His parents, Samuel P. and Mary H. Vanatta, were both natives of Pennsylvania and became pioneers in Ohio. Mr. Vanatta received his education in the public schools of Vinton, Ia. and at Tobin's academy at that place. After completing his schooling, he studied law with his father, and in 1875 was admitted to the bar of Benton county. He practiced in that section for five years, then removed to Sioux City, Ia., where he resided for three years, coming to Colorado in 1879 on account of ill health.

For two years he practiced in the neighborhood of Leadville, where he regained his health. In 1883 Mr. Vanatta began the practice of law in Colorado at Buena Vista, where he remained until 1894 when he came to Colorado Springs. He was married in 1881. He was a member of the B. P. O. E., Colorado Springs lodge No. 13, A. F. and A. M., and the Knights of Pythias. He took an active interest in politics, but never held office. Before his illness, three years ago, he had one of the best law practices in Colorado Springs and was associated with C. W. Dolph

## VILLA REPLACES GOV. MAYTORENA BY GEN. CABRAL

May Settle Controversy on Border With American Government

## WILL DRIVE GEN. HILL OUT

Gutierrez Determines to Bid Northern Mexico of All Carranza Troops

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—General Villa, as commander-in-chief of the forces of the Gutierrez government, has ordered Gen. Juan Cabral with 8,000 men to take charge of the general situation in Sonora, superseding General Maytorena at Naco.

This order is said to have been decided upon by the Gutierrez government as the best way to prevent continuance of hostilities at Naco and Agua Prieta, where there are comparatively small Carranza forces.

Brig. Gen. Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff of the United States army, who went to Naco in an effort to obtain the neutralization of that place and prevent bullets from falling into American territory, has advised the war department that the Carranza troops are now at Casas Grandes. Maytorena has delayed signing any agreement for the removal of his forces, pending the arrival of Cabral. The combined Cabral and Maytorena forces will total about 12,000 men while General Hill, the Carranza adherent, has only about 4,000 men.

### Question to Adjust Self.

Officials here beyond saying that this situation would presently adjust itself declined to comment on it. It is generally believed, however, that General Cabral would sign an agreement by which Naco would be declared neutral and the Hill forces would be permitted to go to Agua Prieta. General Cabral, it is thought in some quarters, would then endeavor to drive the Hill garrison out of Agua Prieta across the American line, where they probably would be interned. Should the Hill forces elect to remain in Naco, leaving further hostilities in the hands of the Gutierrez troops, would not dare to attack them, those familiar with the situation at Naco say a attack might be made in overwhelming numbers without firing into American territory.

The Gutierrez government has given assurance, as has General Carranza, that there will be no firing in any event into American territory if it can be avoided.

Officials here are awaiting the outcome of these developments before deciding on a course for the future. Both Mexican factions have been told in emphatic terms that there must be no further casualties on the American side.

## LA VETA MURDER TRIAL OPENS TODAY IN PUEBLO

Nine Strikers Charged With Killing Three Mine Guards and Luke Terry, Chauffeur

PUEBLO, Jan. 3.—The trial of the so-called La Veta murder case in which nine members of the United Mine Workers of America are charged with the killing of three mine guards and a chauffeur and the wounding of a mine official near La Veta, Colo., on November 8, 1913, is expected to open in district court here tomorrow.

A change of venue from Huerfano county was granted by Judge A. W. McFadden of the Third district at the request of the defendants. Judge H. P. Burke of this district will preside and a venire of 200 Pueblo residents has been drawn. The selection of the jury is expected to occupy several days. Mine guards Brian, Whitten and Adams, William H. Gambling foreman of the Oakdale mine, and Luke Terry, a chauffeur, were returning from La Veta to the Oakdale mine when attacked. Gambling had summoned the guards and Terry to take him to the mine after, he said, he had been threatened by strikers. Brian, Whitten and Terry were killed outright. Adams died later. Gambling, badly wounded, made his way to a nearby ranch house and told of the attack.

Investigation of the case undertaken by state militia officers then on duty in the strike zone led to the arrest of Charles Sheppard, Frank Kroupa, Daniel Richards, Edward Richards, Charles Richards, Peter Rich, George Zember, Marcus Martinovich and John Flockhart. They were later indicted by the Huerfano county grand jury.

The defendants are now being held in the county jail.

## CARRANZA'S BROTHER BEING HELD PRISONER

VERA CRUZ, Jan. 3.—Gen. Jesus Carranza, brother of Venustiano Carranza, is being held a prisoner by General Santibañez on the Isthmus of Tehuantepec. General Santibañez shot Carranza's entire staff except his son, Abelardo Carranza, and Ignacio Peralta. They also are held captive.

## COLORADO'S NEW GOVERNOR, WHO TAKES OFFICE JAN. 12



GOV. ELECT GEORGE A. CARLSON

Who Promises Many Reforms for Colorado

## STEWART TO BE NAMED SPEAKER IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Radical Reforms Are Proposed by Twentieth General Assembly, Which Opens in Denver Next Wednesday

DENVER, Jan. 3.—Philip B. Stewart of Colorado Springs will be elected speaker of the house when the state assembly opens Wednesday in Denver. Stewart is the choice of the Republican legislators, who will have a majority in the house. A caucus of the Republicans was held Saturday in Denver when the above action was taken and the election will be made without any great difficulty, it is said.

## FIRE ENGINE BURNS UP IN BIG BLAZE

Philadelphia and Camden Are Swept by Million-Dollar Fire

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 3.—Two fires today caused more than a million dollars damage in Philadelphia and Camden. Trains of the New York division of the Pennsylvania Railroad were held up for more than an hour and a half by the flames, which destroyed the lumber yard of the Charles Este company, and 17 dwellings on Glenwood avenue in north Philadelphia, while traffic on the Philadelphia and Reading railroads from Camden, N. J., was discontinued by a fire which destroyed the station there and damaged the lumber yard of C. B. Sales Sons and the John Dialogue shipbuilding plant.

Four firemen were injured at the Camden fire, while nearly half a hundred were overcome by the heat and smoke from the flames in this city. The origin of the fire in north Philadelphia is unknown. Flames were discovered shortly after 8 o'clock in the lumber yard which occupies three and a half acres. So rapidly did the flames spread, that one of the fire engines, which had been attached to a nearby water plug was consumed. Twenty-one fire companies were engaged there while four others went to the assistance of the Camden department when the flames there got beyond control.

The property loss at the Este fire was fixed at \$200,000 exclusive of the burned lumber, which it is estimated, was valued at half a million dollars more.

A cigarette thrown in some waste in the corner of the waiting room is believed to have caused the fire in the cars and 21 passenger coaches were destroyed. The loss to the Reading railway is estimated at \$185,000. C. B. Sales Sons, \$150,000, and the Dialogue shipyard \$50,000.

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## BALKAN STATES MAY TAKE HAND IN WAR; BULGARIA HOLDS KEY TO SITUATION

Germans Capture Borjow in Poland, Strong Russian Point of Support for Army

Worst Winter Europe Has Seen in Years Is Hampering Military Operations in Both the Fields; French Gain Very Little Ground in Northwestern France

LONDON, Jan. 4.—(Monday) No decisive engagements are noted in the latest official communications issued by the various governments. The situation in Belgium and northern France has not changed materially in several weeks past, while in the east the reports are at variance.

From Petrograd it is announced that the Russians have successfully repulsed the German attacks on the Sura and Rawka rivers, while the Germans announce the capture by their forces of Borjow, a strong Russian point of support, in which 1,000 prisoners were taken, and that to the east of the Rawka river the German attack is proceeding steadily.

Newspaper dispatches forecast possible grave happenings in the Balkans. The revolutionary situation in Albania is said to have grown much worse, and it is declared that the efforts of the Christian Balkan states to secure the neutrality of Bulgaria apparently have not met with complete success, and that Greece, Servia and Roumania are preparing for eventualities.

### EUROPE HAS WORST WINTER IN YEARS

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The extremely hard winter, the worst Europe has experienced in years, is causing floods in the river valleys of the continent as well as those of England. The river valleys of the continent as well as those of England have been overtopped on a large scale on the western battle front and has seriously interfered with the military operations.

There have been heavy artillery engagements from the sea in the Bosphorus and several attacks on the coast of the Black Sea. The British have gained a little ground between Abbeville and Arras, but north of the point where the fighting is taking place, the British have not gained any ground. The British have gained a little ground between Abbeville and Arras, but north of the point where the fighting is taking place, the British have not gained any ground.

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## BATTLE OF "FOUR RIVERS" IS ENDED

Germans Unable to Pierce the Russian Lines; Austrians Evacuate Bukovina

LONDON, Jan. 4.—(Monday) A Petrograd dispatch to Reuters Telegram company says:

In the opinion of experts here the battle of the Four Rivers, as the series of engagements on the banks of the Dniester, Dnieper, Dniestr and Dniestr is known, may be considered ended, for not only have the Germans and Austrians failed to advance on the Russian front and south line, but they have been repulsed with heavy losses, and the attack now proceeding may be considered as a tactical gain time, pending new operations.

As the occupation of Kremenz, Zhitomir, Sereth and Radzisz, in Bukovina on the Rumanian frontier, Russia not only holds the strategic railway line connecting Bukovina with western Galicia and Hungary, but is within 100 miles of Hungary over easy passage of the wooded Carpathians.

The Bosphorus Gazette, a Moscow correspondent asserts that the Austrians are evacuating Bukovina and that more than 30,000 people-stricken inhabitants of Bukovina and Transylvania have fled into Rumania.

"Three Austrian aeroplanes have dropped 10 bombs on Kielce. The damage is not known."

## Formidable Captain Cheered Men as the Ship Was Sinking

LONDON, Jan. 4.—(Monday) The formidable captain of the battleship Formidable stood in the bridge as the ship was being sunk by a German submarine. The captain, who was a Frenchman, was seen to cheer the men as the ship was sinking. The captain, who was a Frenchman, was seen to cheer the men as the ship was sinking.

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NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE



who is hooked up to battle in the near future with Freddie Welsh, holder of the lightweight crown. While still claims that he won when the pair met before in Milwaukee, no decision being given. He claims, however, that this time he will prove he is the better man by knocking out his opponent. The bout will be staged in New York and a decision cannot be rendered under the rulings of the state boxing commission.



MR. CHARLES WHITE OF CHICAGO

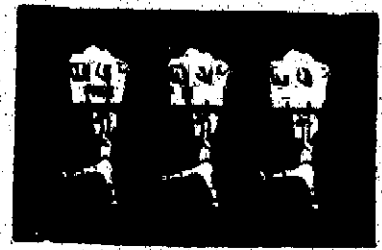
Who is hooked up to tattle in the near future with Freddie Welsh, holder of the lightweight crown. White still claims that he won when the pair fought in Milwaukee, no decision being given. He claims, however, at this time he will prove he is better than the man knocking on his opponent's door. The bout will be staged in New York and a decision cannot be reached under the rulings of the state boxing commission.



A Clearance Sale of \$5, \$6.50, \$7.50 Velour Hats at \$3.65

These hats are genuine imported Austrian velours. Always stylish in appearance and equal to two or three seasons wear. A real bargain awaits you in one of these at \$3.65

**Gorton's**  
(C. & G. Bros. Inc., N.Y.)



### Avoid Wash Day Worries

Don't fill your house with steam and drudgery every Monday just to get your clothes washed. We do family washings satisfactorily, calling for the clothes and delivering them on time.

**The Pearl Laundry**  
The Laundry That Uses IVORY SOAP  
300-321 N. Teton St.  
Phone Main 1015-1020

I can duplicate any lens please remember this when you break a lens. Eyes examined, lenses ground.  
**GEORGE L. LOME, Optometrist**  
20 S. Teton. Over Woolworth's 10c Store

### French Banker in Brussels Prison Effects Escape

PARIS, Jan. 3.—Nestor Wilmet, a former banker, railroad man, newspaper proprietor and sportsman, who was serving a sentence in the St. Gilen prison at Brussels, in connection with financial irregularities, has succeeded in escaping, according to a dispatch received here today from Basel, Switzerland.

Wilmet in July, last, sentenced to 10 years imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$800 following his conviction at Brussels on charges of swindling the public out of \$3,000,000 by overvaluing shares in the Ghent-Terneuzen railroad in 1912.

### AMERICAN DOCTOR DENIES USE OF DUM-DUMS

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Strapped wounds probably have been erroneously attributed to use of dum-dum bullets, according to charges that the British government was using such bullets in the Boer war, according to Dr. P. E. Walker, of Stockton, Cal., who was in London when the war broke out and who served in the Boer army in South Africa. Dr. Walker, who arrived here on the steamer Arctic from Liverpool today, said he had failed to find any evidence of the use of dum-dum bullets during his service.

### MRS. KERN'S ADVICE

To Weak, Nervous, Run-Down Women

S. Cumberland, Md.—"For a long time I suffered from a nervous breakdown. I could not eat or sleep and was so weak I could hardly walk. My husband heard about Vinol and got me to try it. Now I have a good appetite, sleep soundly and am well and strong. Every nervous, weak, run-down woman should try Vinol. Mrs. D. W. Kerns. Vinol is a delicious cod liver and iron tonic, without oil, which we guarantee to create a healthy appetite, aid digestion and make pure healthy blood."  
The Robinson Drug Co., Colorado Springs.

Transfer supplies for the first of the year.  
**OUTWEAT**  
PRINTING & BOOKBINDING  
6-8 N. Teton St.

## BALKAN STATES MAY TAKE HAND IN WAR; BULGARIA HOLDS KEY TO SITUATION

(Continued From Page One.)

bodied exhortations to the young men to join the army. King George attended services in the village church at Sandringham.

### Russian Statement

PETROGRAD, Jan. 3.—The following statement was issued today by the Russian army headquarters:

"On the Buzna and Rawa rivers, we are continuing the successful repulse of German attacks, in spite of the enemy's heavy artillery fire and bomb throwing. On the road to Wlozozyn, in the Kielce region at the village of Lopuszno, on December 31, German troops, after a stubborn battle, took possession of a portion of our trenches, but a later counter-attack forced the enemy to abandon all the trenches previously occupied. During this affair we captured several hundred prisoners and nine machine guns.

"In western Galicia fighting continues in the region of Gorlice. In the region of Lysok pass we occupied Austrian positions, where we took as many as 1,000 prisoners.

"The Austrian retreat in Bukovina, before the drive of our troops, has taken the character of a great rout."

### French Statement

PARIS, Jan. 3.—The French official statement issued this afternoon says:

"During the day of January 2 we strengthened the position to the north of Lys, gained during the preceding days. The enemy has shown activity and in the region of Zonnebeke, which he has violently bombarded. From the Lys to Arras there is almost complete quiet.

"There was an artillery engagement in the region of Albert and Roye and our infantry advanced some 500 meters near La Boisselle.

"From the Oise to the Meuse, on the plateau of Toul, our heavy artillery has demolished several fortifications from which the enemy was harassing our sappers.

"Spirited artillery duels have taken place to the west and the east of Craonne. Near Perthes-les-Hurlus we have progressed about 300 meters. Near Beaussart, there has been infantry fighting in which we have inflicted serious losses on the enemy.

"The Germans have launched two attacks without success in the forest of La Grorie. On all this portion of the front the artillery has shown everywhere great activity.

"In the region of Verdun and on the heights of the Meuse there was an artillery duel. We have again gained a little ground in the forest of Bouche, northeast of Troyon, and in the forest of Le Pretre, northwest of Pont-a-Mousson.

"In the Vosges we have occupied one of the enemy's trenches. Artillery engagements have taken place in the Pan-de-Sapt and in the valley of the Sive.

"In upper Alsace, our former gains

## BRITAIN'S REPLY TO U. S. NOTE IS EXPECTED SOON

(Continued From Page One.)

strengthened the belief among administration officials that concessions in conformity with previous practice will be forthcoming from the British government.

Reports of the finding of rubber manifested as "gum" in the cargo of the steamship Seaford are understood to have virtually halted the negotiations in progress in London, with the object of obtaining a modification of the embargo against the exportation of rubber from British possessions. The vessel carried a cargo from the United States to neutral ports. The British government has taken the position that the rubber probably was destined for Germany and the reported false manifesting is said to have shaken confidence in the effectiveness of the proposed assurances by American merchants that no rubber would be permitted to fall into German hands if Great Britain allowed the product to come into the United States.

### England Explains Situation

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The British embassy tonight issued its first statement on the shipping situation, since the publication of the American note on the interference with American trade. It cleared up one point on which the United States had asked for information, by announcing that turpentine and resin shipped from this country before those articles were declared contraband would be paid for when seized. The statement said:

"Turpentine and resin, shipped before the publication of the order placing them on the contraband list, will be paid for."

"All copper, shipped before the date of the declaration that copper was contraband, has been paid for or released."

"No cargoes for Italy have been held up at Gibraltar since December 3. Italian ships carrying cargoes of commodities of which export from Italy is prohibited are not interfered with unless there is clear evidence of fraudulent intentions on the part of shippers."

"Negotiations are proceeding in London with a view to the removal of the embargo on rubber against a pledge not to export, similar to that arranged with regard to German airline docks. The negotiations have been retarded by the discovery of shipments of rubber from the United States to Europe, under disguise."

### German Statement

BERLIN, Jan. 3.—(By wireless to Saville.) The official press (largely today) gave out the following points:

"The situation in the west is considered by the military circles to be steadily improving. They believe the Russian counter-offensive in Galicia has been utterly shattered for the time at least. Events in the east, however, have so frequently brought surprises that predictions as to the situation there cannot safely be made."

"The small amount of space given by all the newspapers in the western war theater apparently is indicative of a feeling that the central point of interest still is in Poland, and that the struggle in the west has settled down into a monotonous endurance test."

"The newspapers profess to have received information that the English, in their recent raid on Cuxhaven, did absolutely no damage. It is believed that four of the English aeroplanes were lost; that the cruiser Averaging was badly damaged and another cruiser somewhat damaged by German bombs. In addition, it is believed two British torpedo boat destroyers were damaged."

"The Tinnit, a Constantinople newspaper, publishes an interview with the German field marshal, Kolmar von der Goltz, military commander of Constantinople and acting Turkish minister of war, who expressed confidence over the outlook for Turkey."

"The interview, Field Marshal von der Goltz declares the Turkish army has made great progress since his last visit to Constantinople."

"Berlin is showing a grateful feeling over the relief which the latest reports received here say is being given by the German residence in China to the destitute women and children at the Tsin-Tau garrison."

"The official publication of the German Socialist Trade union, the greatest workers' association, reviewing the year 1914, says:

"We know that we have to hold out and we shall do so. Our confidence is based not only on the strength, organization and execution of discipline in the army, but also on the love of country that unites all Germans without exception. If the war lasts for months or for years, it will merely forge the nation into more united solidarity and increase her forces immeasurably. The Germans will emerge from the world war the strongest of the belligerents."

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### SUNDAY, FEB. 14, URGED AS CENTENARY PEACE

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—A movement begun by the federal council of the Churches of Christ in America to have Sunday, February 14, observed as Centenary Peace Sunday, as one of the features of the celebration of 100 years of peace between the United States and Great Britain is being responded to with enthusiasm by the individual churches throughout the country, the council announced tonight.

It is expected that peace messages will be delivered in public prayers.



"UNCLE JOE" CANNON  
Who May Have a Right to Retain Seat in Congress.

## MILLION MEN IN ENGLAND TRAINING FOR AN INVASION

Social Distinction Blown to Winds as All Classes Work Together

LONDON, Dec. 22.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Almost unobserved, England's home defense army, whether it be called the volunteer training corps, the national guard or the special constabulary, has grown to a membership of over 1,000,000 men in a space of less than three months. Moreover, this is only a beginning; apparently the number will be quadrupled before spring. Occurrences like the German naval raid on the Hartlepool and Scarborough in mid-December send hundreds of the male population, old and young alike, hurrying to take their places in this civil guard which will have an important work to do if invasion ever becomes a reality.

Drilling is carried on generally three or four evenings a week, in parks, squares and school yards, all over England. The force is to be equipped as soon as possible with gray-green uniforms. It is already armed and equipped with common equipment, transport, signal, bicycle and motor-cycle sections. Little practice is a principal part of the training as soon as the elements of drill are completed.

### Duties Are Indefinite

As to what the duties of these million soldiers will be should invasion be attempted, there has been no definite information yet. They would be expected, it is said, to see that the population of the threatened towns is safely taken away. Arrangements for such an exodus have already been tentatively made in most parts of the kingdom, and such matters as preparing schedules of all the vehicles in the district and lists of the available stocks of food, fodder, explosives and gasoline completed.

If a German force actually managed to land and advanced toward one of these towns, they would find the town deserted and all the food stocks, water supply and other material destroyed. That would be the work of the civil guard.

As for rifles, the guard would be supposed to carry them more as a deterrent than for use against an enemy. The guardmen would be charged with police duties like preventing panic and punishing would-be looters. Whether they would be permitted to line the beaches and ditches and take potshots at the invaders, the authorities disagree. Some say that having performed their duties in seeing the population safely off the threatened premises, they would bury their rifles or hand them over to the military authorities.

### Has Great Effect

Among the men themselves the opinion is quite general that when the time comes, it would be difficult to enforce such a time ending to their work, even if they were treated as noncombatants and a few of them summarily executed.

Even if no invasion comes, this well-kept universal military training is bound to have a great effect on the nation. The physical effort of the methodical outdoor air already apparent to the men themselves and for this reason, if for no other, they will demand that the organization be maintained along more or less similar lines after the war is over. Leaders of the movement maintain also that it is bound to have a democratizing influence on England. The fact that workmen and aristocrats have trained side by side through the long winter evenings may soften or even obliterate the sharp lines which have divided class from class in England. For the present, at least, it is certain that social distinction is blown to the wind.

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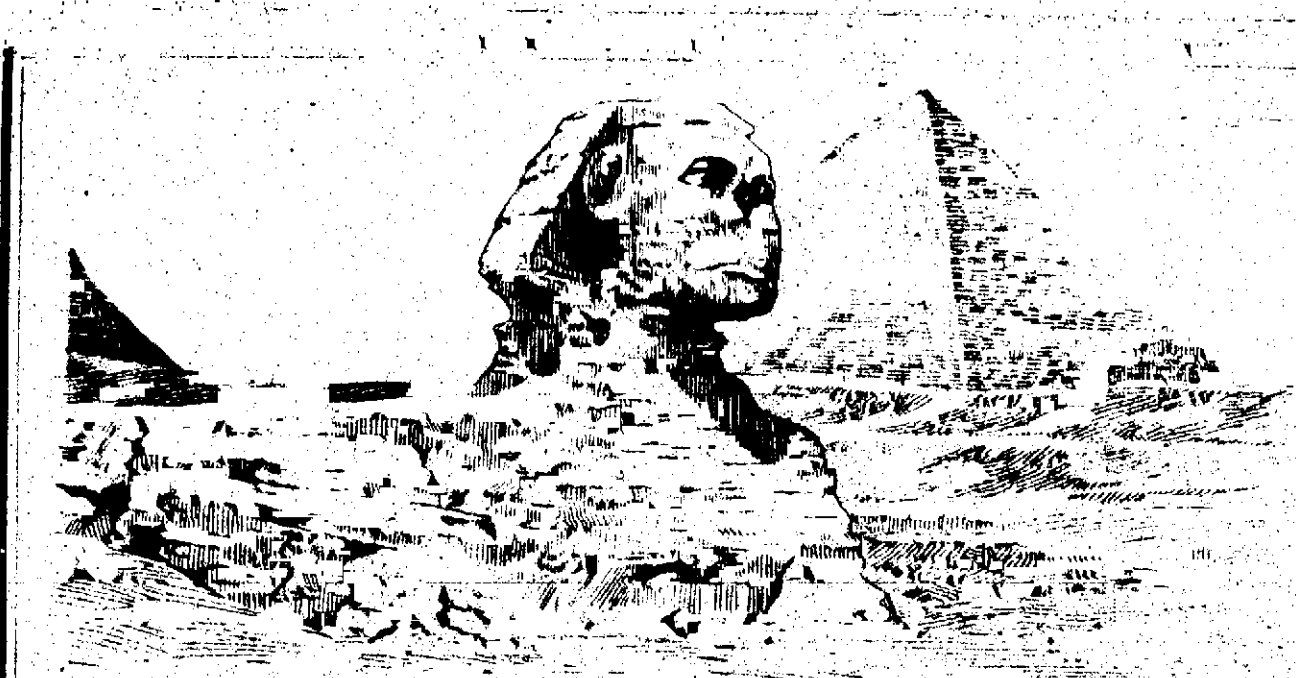
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## Silence and Speech

For centuries the Sphinx has been the world's Symbol of Silence.

Through passing generations, in silent eloquence, this mute monument of the desert has guarded its secret.

A silent, solemn sentinel in the trackless sands, this stately record of a dead race has become a symbol to all nations.

Just as the ancient Sphinx is the world's Symbol of Silence, the modern telephone is the world's Symbol of Speech.

In every civilized land the telephone is in constant use by millions of people.

Last year nearly nine million people in the United States used it every day.

Over a million messages were sent over your telephones right here in the seven mountain states.

Such a vast and complete system, useful to all the people alike, is only possible through the combination of capital, skill and labor of a big corporation.

The Bell System has become one of the biggest and most useful corporations in the United States because it serves all the people.

## The Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph Co.

"The Corporation Different"

## GERMANS ARE CONFIDENT OF ULTIMATE SUCCESS OF ARMS

### Imperial Chancellor Paints Bright Picture of Conditions in Kingdom; Says Teutons Are Friendly to Americans

BERLIN, Dec. 25.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The Imperial chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, received a correspondent of the Associated Press today and discussed the Belgian relief situation, the question of contraband, the way in which industrial Germany has adapted herself to war conditions, the sentiment of Germany toward her enemies and toward America, and the responsibility for the war, which he attributed to Great Britain.

"I did not want this war," was one of his phrases, given with striking emphasis. "We Germans do not cherish hate." Was another, occurring in a discussion of the attitude of the Germans toward the French soldiers and people.

Four months and a half of war have passed lightly over the chancellor. In his uniform of lieutenant general, with grizzled, close-cropped beard and iron crosses, first and second-class, he seemed much older than the scholarly, frock-coated statesman of debating debates. Tall face and eyes showed signs of the strains of the past few months.

### Confident of Success

He spoke with confidence of ultimate German victory, although a weary, expressive shrug of the shoulders was his answer to a query as to the possible duration of the war. The chancellor had only that afternoon received word that his son, a young cavalry lieutenant, had been badly wounded and captured in Poland by the Russians, but of this he made no mention when stating that the situation on the eastern front appeared to be favorable.

The interview took place in the reception room of the historic chancellor mansion in the Wilhelmstrasse, around which cluster memories of Bismarck, Gortz, Hollendorff and Buelow.

The conversation turned first to news conditions and the difficulties of presenting the German side of the situation to American readers. The chancellor regretted that, owing to the British and French censorship and control of the cables, the German point of view had not been adequately presented in the United States. He felt this to be a great injustice.

### Soon to Inform World

"We shall," remarked the chancellor, "shortly issue full reports of the entire situation, as, for example, the battle of Tannenberg; that on the Mazurian lakes; and the battle on the Marne." To a remark on how little was known abroad concerning Tannenberg, he rejoined quickly: "You are

the greatest battles in history. The greatest, I should say."

"Is there any truth," your excellency," he was asked, "in the indications that Germany is hampering the shipment of provisions to the population of Belgium, and what is the attitude of your government toward the American relief work for the Belgians?"

"On the contrary, we are doing everything we can to assist it, and are giving our own supplies," he said. "We are very grateful to the Americans for it. We are very sorry for the Belgians. As to our attitude on the question of Belgian neutrality, I have spoken at length in the Reichstag. You have seen the documents published in the North German Gazette, which show that Belgium had abandoned its own neutrality and that England and France had arranged to violate Belgian neutrality long before the war."

### Able to Meet Situation

As to the British interpretation of contraband, his excellency maintained that Great Britain had been directing her contraband regulations not so much at absolute contraband in war materials, as at raw stuffs for the German industries and at provisions with the idea of starving out and ruining Germany economically. But Germany was prepared to meet the situation.

"We have enough," he said, "to go along." He continued: "Copper, iron, rubber, we shall have enough of all. The British restrictions on trade are hurting the neutral states more than they are Germany. They have affected the United States, have they not? One of the remarkable features of the war has been the starvation of German industries. You have seen the way in which she has been reducing her industries from piece part pieces to those of war."

What about financing the war, your excellency?

"There is no problem about that. You have noticed how liberally the first war loan was subscribed, and it will be the same with the next. We shall have funds enough to continue the war to the end."

### Sentiment Toward Enemies

The conversation then turned to the sentiment of the Germans toward the various nations with which they are at war. The chancellor said that there seemed to be very little ill-feeling toward the French. On the contrary, the war at the front got almost on friendly terms with the French soldiers opposite them.

"But we Germans do not cherish hate," he said. "To hate is not a Germanic trait. The vendetta belongs to the Latin races."

"I did not want this war," he continued with emphasis, "from the first year that I have war here," he said, "touching the desk before me. I have followed steadily to develop a good understanding with England. In my speech in the Reichstag, I have said of these efforts, 'But all come to naught and not through my fault.'"

The chancellor went on to discuss how the attitude of the British government, by steadily encouraging the Russian war party with the necessary confidence in ultimate British support, brought the war nearer and nearer.

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The feeling of the government and the people here is friendly to Americans, and we hope that they will understand that they are welcome materials as at raw stuffs for the German industries and at provisions with the idea of starving out and ruining Germany economically. But Germany was prepared to meet the situation.

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## TAFT ON THE PHILIPPINES

FORMER President Taft's testimony before the Senate committee on the Philippines is the most sensible statement of conditions in the Islands that has been made public for a long time. Mr. Taft served for several years as Governor of the Islands, and likewise had to do with their administration throughout his term as Secretary of War. This experience, and his subsequent dealings with the problem as President, fits him to speak with authority. It is significant, too, that his testimony is substantially in accord with that of Dean C. Worcester, who for ten years was Secretary of the Interior of the Philippines.

Mr. Taft declares that the time necessary to train the Filipinos for self-government will be "more than one generation, and probably more than two, if you count thirty years a generation." Neither President McKinley, President Roosevelt, nor himself had ever contemplated turning the Philippine government over to the people before they were educated up to handling it. "If you give these people independence now, or by 1920, you will have a terrible situation develop," he said. "A Diaz would arise in the Philippines, or they would get into the condition that caused the fall of Diaz in Mexico." He opposed the pending bill in detail, and declared that "no measure could be framed better calculated to stir up trouble in the Philippines."

Ever since the Spanish war the Democratic party has had Filipino independence in its biennial platforms as a vote-catching device. The appeal is purely sentimental, based on the argument that it is morally wrong for the United States to govern the Islanders against their consent.

As a matter of fact, there is no evidence that this is being done, for the masses of the people who are sufficiently educated to realize the benefits of their present rule seem to be well satisfied with it. The agitation for independence comes entirely from politicians of a type corresponding to the revolutionary leaders who for years have kept Mexico in a turmoil, and who have only recently been exterminated in Cuba. Their objects, of course, are wholly selfish, for their real ambition is not to improve conditions in the Islands but to get their own fingers into the treasury.

Presumably, the facts are known to President Wilson and to the individual who nominally presides over his State Department. At any rate, the facts are easily accessible, for there are plenty of responsible men in the country, including former President Taft and innumerable army officers, who have served for years in the Islands and know the conditions thoroughly. But the President and his Secretary of State apparently prefer to know nothing of actual conditions—or, at least, not to heed them as they did in handling the Mexican affair, and with the same excellent prospects of blundering.

## THE REWARDS OF FARMING

THE Department of Agriculture publishes a statement showing the meager rewards of farming which may prove surprising to people who have considered the tremendous totals of American agricultural production only in the aggregate. It appears that the average farmer has only about as much to show for his year's work as he would if he hired himself out as a farm hand. The necessities of life for the family cost \$595.08 yearly, of which the farm contributes \$421.17, leaving necessities amounting to \$173.91 to be bought. Of the food consumed 61 per cent is furnished by the farm. That is the average for the entire country, but it runs considerably higher in North Carolina, where the farms supplied 82.3 per cent of the food consumed, and lower in New York state, where it was only 50.4 per cent. Evidently there is something wrong with the business management of a farmer who must buy one-half the stuff to supply his family table.

There is something wrong, too, with the business management of the whole agricultural industry, else average earnings would not be so astonishingly small. But this information is by no means new. It is

only within recent years that the conventional type of farmer has taken any interest whatever in scientific methods, and the percentage of those who even now place confidence in the work of the Agricultural Department, the state agricultural colleges, the specialists in soil culture, seed selection, crop rotation, fertilization and other subjects, is pitifully small.

The old-fashioned farmer loves to sneer at the "book farmer." He professes an utter lack of faith in scientific investigations, even when their results are proven to him by actual demonstration. He is likely to think that he himself knows all there is to be known on the subject because he was born and brought up on a farm and never did anything else but till the soil exactly as his father and grandfather did it. And right there is the secret of his relative failure. Usually he knows nothing of accounting, and the idea of keeping books to enable him to know whether a certain tract of land or a certain bunch of cattle or hogs was earning a profit or making a loss seems to him absurd.

Fortunately, though, these conditions are changing. It would be better if they changed more rapidly, but at least, the younger generation is learning better. The agricultural colleges and their guiding spirits, the "book farmers," have demonstrated their worth, and the young men who are trained under their direction are applying business methods to farming in a way that produces substantial results in the shape of increased profits.

## BENEFICIAL PUBLICITY

A FEW weeks ago we reprinted from Moody's Magazine an article on the farm development of El Paso County, contributed by Mr. E. H. Talbot, who visited here last fall. It attracted such attention in the East that Mr. Talbot was made editor of a "Department of Dry Land Reclamation," to which considerable space will hereafter be devoted in each issue of the magazine.

We learn from Mr. Talbot that this work is already arousing considerable interest in the readers of the magazine, a widely circulated publication devoted chiefly to financial interests. He has received a great many inquiries, a sample of which is the following from a civil engineer in Cleveland, Ohio:

In your December issue you have an article by Mr. E. H. Talbot, entitled "A New Agricultural Empire," which interested me, as I have been trying to get some information on some such venture, mostly with the idea of getting some healthful occupation to regain my health. Would you advise me the right party to open correspondence with in regard to the purchase of land there, and the possibilities of cultivating it by one who has had no experience?

This is worth while as an evidence of the value to this region of the right sort of publicity. In the cities everywhere there are thousands of business and professional men who for various reasons are anxious to get back to the soil. Usually the consideration is health; sometimes merely a desire to get outdoors and lead a life free from the restrictions of a big city.

Men of that type may or may not make successful farmers, but one thing is certain. If they make inquiries in Colorado Springs they will receive no encouragement unless they show an intelligent understanding of conditions here and a willingness to apply the methods which have been found successful and to disregard the methods which in the past have produced so many conspicuous failures. And those who adopt the proper attitude toward their new business undoubtedly have a better chance of success than is to be found in the business world as a whole.



IN A FEW YEARS U. S. WILL BE DRY.

From the Grand Junction Daily News.  
The vote in the house of representatives on the question of national prohibition convinces all far-sighted people that within a few years at the utmost this country will all be dry. And why shouldn't it be? For years the opponents of prohibition have said that it is one of the best things ever proposed but that it could not be enforced until it was enforced throughout the entire nation.

In a measure this is true. However, the time has now come when the eyes of the entire nation are turned upon this question, which after all, is the greatest moral issue in the United States today. It is a moral question here because we are the greatest nation of drunkards in the world. Other countries have intoxicating beverages, but they are made with a smaller per cent of intoxicants per gallon and their people are taught to drink in moderation. In this country our intoxicating beverages contain such a large per cent of intoxicants per gallon that the drinking of them produces 75 per cent of our criminals, 90 per cent of our paupers, and 12 per cent of all the taxes we pay go to offset and pay for the results of the saloon.

We hereby begin the advocacy for a plank in the Republican platform pledging that party to the submission to the people of the various states an amendment to the federal constitution creating national prohibition. We appeal to the Republican press throughout Colorado to join in this movement, and to the press of the nation to do likewise. We believe the Republican party can regain the power in the nation by the insertion of such a plank in its platform and we believe that the realization of national prohibition would be even a greater blessing to this country and to the world than the freedom of the slaves.

## OUR DILETTANTE "KRIEGS-HEHR"

From the New York Tribune.  
In the paragraph of his message dealing with the navy, the president unaccountably illustrated his dilatory attitude toward the problems of national defense. "Who shall tell us now what sort

of navy to build?" he asked. Again: "When will the experts tell us what kind of ships we should construct—and when will they be right for 10 years together, if the relative efficiency of craft of different kinds and uses continues to change as we have seen it change under our very eyes in these last few months?"

That detached, purely speculative point of view might be reasonably assumed by a close critic of naval construction. But it is an impractical one for an official charged with creating a fleet or keeping it in being. A navy's value lies in its readiness for immediate use, and it must be maintained from year to year, even though its units rapidly become obsolete.

If presidents and secretaries of the navy had talked in the past as President Wilson talks now, we would have no modern navy. The early battleships of 10 years ago are out of date. Was it doubtful policy, therefore, to build them, instead of going on using wooden and unarmored steel ships until some absolute standard of efficiency in armored craft should be established?

"What shall tell us now what sort of navy to build?" Who told Great Britain and Germany how to build their navies? The way to build is to build according to the best existing knowledge. Those in charge of a navy must be willing to face responsibility and do their duty according to the light they have. Least of all should they try to dodge responsibility on the plea that we may know more about the possibilities of naval construction tomorrow or the day after tomorrow.

## GETTING BACK TO COMMON SENSE

From the Chicago Herald.  
The incidents of the past week give hope to the many business men who have been longing for a change in the governmental attitude toward the railway situation. One was the unanimous decision of the Illinois public utilities commission approving the consolidation of the New York Central and 11 subsidiary lines.

Specialists may be left to dispute over the technical details. What more interests the larger public is the general policy laid down and the reasons assigned for it.

The commission announces that it will not disapprove the unification, merging or consolidation of public service corporations where this can be done without violating some positive law, for the reason that with the regulatory laws now in force competition loses its value.

This is in line with the modern idea that when a situation arises in which competition must be more or less of a fictitious pretense it is better not to try to enforce it, but to turn to regulation, which looks to getting value for the price rather than merely to the price.

The other incident was the public address in New York of Senator-elect Warren G. Harding of Ohio, predicting "the passing of railroad bailing, less inspired by public good than by personal profit and political gain."

No student of railway management can deny that the railroads have in many ways deserved by past misdeeds much of the hammering they have received. It is equally certain that the chastisement has become more revengeful than corrective.

What the general welfare now requires is less thought of punishment for past offenses and more thought for efficiency of railway service. Strangulation is not regulation. The sooner we all see that the sooner we will get back to common sense and the better it will be for us all.

## UNPREPAREDNESS ILLUSTRATED

From the Chicago Tribune.

"What was the military necessity," asked Representative Roberts, referring to the Vera Cruz occupation, "of keeping 12 battleships off Vera Cruz and Tampico when Vera Cruz was held by the American army and marines?" "There were no 12 all the time," replied the secretary. "The number of battleships was reduced from 12 to four. If we had to blockade all the Mexican ports," he explained, "all the battleships would have been needed. If we had gone to Mexico City, we would have had to take half the navy with us." (From hearing before house committee on naval affairs.)

"If we had gone to Mexico City, we would have had to take half the navy with us," thus illustrating again the unpreparedness of the republic to carry on military operations competently and economically. Taking a force of sailors on an expedition to Mexico City could be justified only by unexpected necessity. That was a job for the army, but partly because of imaginary diplomatic distinctions and partly because of congress' neglect to make proper minimum provision for our navy, the government was on the point of drawing away half the trained men of the fleet to undertake what might have been a sanguinary expedition. Our naval personnel is only 30 per cent of the proper complement for all effective ships. It takes time to train sailors. Yet we were making ready to draw off half the men of our battle fleet for a land excursion.

This is typical of our ashline handling of military matters.

## MOBILIZATION

From the Kansas City Star.  
The wonderful organization of the German army enables the German government to send its fighting men wherever they are needed. If there are unemployed men on the west front, in Flanders, they are withdrawn and sent where there is employment on the east front, in Poland. And the other way around, when conditions are the other way around, in the war came the manless job and the jobless man are brought together.

It happens, perhaps logically, that the nation which has been most efficient in organizing its men for the employment of war has paid most heed to organization for the employments of peace. Is it not possible for other countries to "mobilize" their industrial resources with something at least of the skill and forethought with which military armies are mobilized? That question is being asked by those of this country who are tackling the question of unemployment of seasonal work or casual labor and of the superabundance of work at some times and in some places and the lack of work at other times and at other places.

## HARDLY RESPECTABLE

From the Omaha World-Herald.  
If all the kings and emperors of the belligerent countries should go to the front and get together they could pull off a very respectable riot themselves.

## AS USUAL

From the Boston Globe.  
The stock market is open and many bargains can be picked up by those who have cash and courage, but the dear public as usual probably will prefer to wait and buy later at the top of the market.



PERILS OF THE SATURDAY NIGHT BATH

From the Wisconsin State Journal.  
Sidney H. Stuart, overcome by gas while taking a bath Saturday, was reported today to be resting easily at the general hospital.

## A COOK BOOK FOR TATTOOED PEOPLE?

From the Chicago Tribune.  
A book store on Fifty-seventh street, Chicago, advertises "Economic Cooking for Two or More Persons Fully Illustrated."

## SIMPLE, WATSON

Ad in the "Lampoon" (Mich.) Vigilant.  
Rice's General Store, Virginia, Mich.  
A great big candle has been placed in our east window. Make a guess as to how long it will burn. Candle will be lit January 1, from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.

## VEST Pocket Essays

BY GEORGE FITCH  
Author of "At Good Old Slivash"

## SILOS

A silo is a means of preparing breakfast food for cattle.

It is a huge pickle jar made of wood or cement with a conical roof. When the farmer desires to put up a nice mass of winter fodder for his stock he cuts a few carloads of green stuff, chops it fine, salts it a little, packs it into the silo and dumps rocks on top of it to squeeze it down. He then seals up the silo to keep out the air and lets it meditate by itself until early winter. In December he opens the door and discovers that he has manufactured a food that the cattle would cry for if it were needed. The product is called ensilage. It is rapidly becoming the most popular sort of upstillery for the cattle on 10,000 American hills. A



A cow who holds a meal ticket at a silo can usually be distinguished by her proud and distinguished look in March.

A cow who holds a meal ticket at a silo can usually be distinguished by her proud and contented look in March.

The silo enables the farmer to preserve the green feed which would otherwise become monotonous and pass by the middle of winter. The lack of air prevents the fodder from spoiling and the pressure extracts a large amount of unnecessary juice. This juice trickles down into the bottom of the silo, where it ferments and acquires a strong, impulsive disposition which has endeared it to more than one desperate farm hand in a prohibition state. With the aid of a long stick and a spigot a man with no regard for the property of others can ruin a silo full of food and a perfectly good tiling of the same time by taking fodder toddlers through the winter.

Silos were introduced in this country about 40 years ago and have become very popular of late. A tall, round silo with a conical roof is a very picturesque addition to the landscape around the American farm and the traveler in a prosperous neighborhood might easily imagine that he was in the French chateau district. However, the difference between a silo and the round chateau tower with a conical roof is the fact that the silo raises cattle while the chateau never raises much besides Hades in its long and stormy career in France.

The silo is very profitable to the farmer and enables him to raise more stock at less expense. Those who have noticed any decrease in the price of beef and mink on this account will kindly step three paces to the front.

## AN EXPERIMENT IN SYMPATHY

BY RUTH CAMERON

A letter friend once asked me to recommend to my readers that everyone should go about for a day with his ears stuffed with cotton in order that he might understand the sufferings of the deaf, and learn sympathy and patience with them.

I must confess that the suggestion then seemed to border on the grotesque and—to my present shame—I did not pass it on.

Today I feel quite differently. You see, I have just passed through a period of temporary deafness caused by a violent cold, and the suggestion looks decidedly less grotesque. For though I have had considerable contact with deaf people all my life and have had good reason to know mentally all that they have to bear, I never knew it in my heart until today.

It seems to me that deafness is one of those miseries which for some reason do not arouse their fair share of compassion. Blindness strikes a spark of sympathy from the heart of flint. No one would laugh or be annoyed at the gropings of a blind man but it is common to see both irritation and amusement displayed at the mistakes of the deaf. Indeed the misunderstandings of deaf people are considered perfectly good copy for the jokesmith. Imagine the blind man's errors being treated in this way!

No Sympathy for Sex Sickness.  
Queer, is it not, how capricious we are about our sympathies. There are certain illnesses for which it is not possible to get any sympathy except perhaps from those who love us very dearly—sickness for instance or a cold in the head. Yet what could make one more thoroughly miserable than sickness or more utterly wretched and at odds with the world than a good old-fashioned cold in the head? Of course, deafness is less appalling, less tragic than blindness, but it is just as dreary and perhaps more lonely, and I wish we might cultivate more sympathy and understanding for the deaf. The suggested experiment, though no one would ever try it, would help us much. My entire experiment taught me that a great deal of the sense of confusion and of left-outness that the semideaf suffer could be avoided. Don't try to speak to a deaf person from another

Everything in high grade stationery, by the quire, by the box and by the pound

## HARDY'S

16 N. Tejon

## IN THE EARLY DAYS

### THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY

JANUARY 4, 1885.

J. J. Hagerman and wife were in Denver.

John Campbell returned from the east.

Colonel D. I. Dodge was spending the day with Hon. L. K. Baas.

Mrs. O. B. Meyers returned from Denver.

Rich residence on North Ch. 14th avenue.

The Colorado Springs Wheel club elected the following officer for the ensuing year: C. W. Dawson, president; A. D. Bickford, vice president; A. C. Van Cote, secretary and treasurer; L. A. Pease, captain; S. M. Duncan, first lieutenant; Bert Wilcox, second lieutenant.

Judge Harris presented his resignation as county judge to the court commissioners as he had to take his seat on the district bench very soon.

### TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY

JANUARY 4, 1895.

A delightful musical benefit for the Glickner sanatorium was held at the

Mrs. Whitbeck entertained the members of her younger dancing classes at a party.

## How to Keep Well

By Dr. W. A. Evans

Questions pertinent to hygiene, sanitation, and preservation of life, and matters of general interest, will be answered in this column. Where space will not permit or the subject is not suitable, letters will be personally answered, subject to proper limitations and where a full address and envelope is enclosed. Dr. Evans will not take responsibility for individual cases. Requests for such advice cannot be replied to.

(Copyright, 1914, By The Tri-County Company.)

## WINDOWS AND HEAT

Something for nothing is impossible. Everything obtained must be paid for. No one can live in a dark room and keep healthy. The antiseptic action of light is needed to kill the bacteria. But to have light you must be willing to pay. Windows are required for lights. But increase in window space increases the cost of heating. Leaving aside for leakage, the cost of heating, where there is considerable window space, is much increased.

Window glass "loses" heat about four times as fast as does a solid brick wall 12 inches thick. In the Concrete-Cement Age Professor Kent tells us that the way to compute the heat unit loss through a square foot of window pane per hour is to multiply the difference between the indoor and outdoor temperature by 1.20. To get the total loss in a day the product must be multiplied by the number of square feet of glass and that by 24. To get the loss through the wall the difference in temperature must be multiplied by 32. If the wall is thicker than 12 inches, or if there is an air space or any other insulation, the factor is less than 32. If the wall is thinner than 12 inches, or if it is wet, the factor will be greater than 32.

On the other hand, if the windows contain two layers of glass with a dead air space between, the glass factor is much less than 32.

In the course of the discussion in the Concrete-Cement Age, one writer, discussing the effect of metal sashes, said that they would save enough by being so they would save enough in fuel in one winter to pay for the extra cost.

In this the writer was wrong. No air leaks through glass. Air does leak through any ordinary wall of brick, stone or wood. So far as air leakage is concerned up to this point windows have the advantage over walls.

However, the leakage around the windows is great. On a cold, windy day the leakage around an ordinary single sash wooden frame window is a source of marked discomfort. There is no provision made for heating this window-leaked air before it falls to the floor.

However, the writer was wrong in charging this to the coal account. It should have been charged to the comfort account.

The air needed for ventilation must be heated. Set his attention before addressing him, by speaking his name. Even him so that he can see your lips. Even normal people hear with their eyes more than they realize. Place the voice low and speak clearly and slowly. Instead of shouting it is much more efficient and less disagreeable.

Please Read and Apply This.

One word more. An ear doctor tells me that deafness can usually be prevented if attended to at the beginning of the trouble and that it can seldom be cured once neglected. One of the most pathetic sights I know is a girl of 32 who will probably be deaf for life because her parents (well off, too) didn't have her ears attended to at the first symptom of trouble. There are free dispensaries and doctors who will do charity work for those who cannot afford to pay. If you don't know where to go ask your minister to find a way for you. Do something at the very first symptom of earache (a forerunner of trouble not to be merely soothed and forgotten), or deafness. Don't let this miserable, lonely, dreary and almost always unnecessary affliction sadden your life or the life of anyone who belongs to you.

be heated. It matters not how it gets into the room. To heat it fully sure to 70 require the same 4 ft. of heat, whether the air leaks in or is pumped in.

Any coal saved by keeping air out of the room; any coal saved by poor ventilation, costs indirectly much more than the saving.

STERILITY FROM DISEASE.  
F. B. P. writes: "Will you inform me whether it is true that the venereal diseases of men are responsible for sterility in women and for the many operations they undergo on every side? I have heard this claim in reply to the assertion that women do not wish children. Is there a general belief that the fault is not generally theirs?"

REPLY.  
Gonorrheal infection is responsible for a large part of the sterility both in women and men. It is often the cause of pus tubes and pelvic abscess, the reasons for many pelvic operations. Syphilis, while it does not so often prevent conception, causes the children to die before birth, or very soon thereafter.

REASON FOR STIFF JOINTS.  
H. B. writes: "I am a young man of 21, 6 feet 4 inches in height, and weigh 184 pounds. Once a year, usually in the spring (for the last three years) I am troubled with stiff joints, usually starting in my left knee. The first attack three years ago was the worst, but it always comes back. What can I do to avert this trouble, and what can I do to get rid of it when I have it?"

REPLY.  
You will find a focus of infection in your gums, your tonsils, your nose or somewhere else in your body. Have it attended to and you will not have rheumatism next spring.

COFFEE BEGETS REACTION.  
Coffee Lover writes: Will you tell us: First, Whether, and if so how, coffee affects the heart injuriously? Second, Whether an enlarged heart (due to goiter) is especially liable to injury from coffee drinking? Third, Whether under favorable circumstances an enlarged heart regains its normal size?

REPLY.  
1. The active principle of coffee is a strong heart stimulant. The prolonged use of a stimulant, be it a spur or whip on a horse or coffee on a man, begets reaction.  
2. Coffee is a drug. It is especially potent as a heart remedy. It goes to the heart is nervous. Therefore, the indiscriminate use of a heart remedy is contra indicated. I should say that in goiter with heart symptoms coffee should only be taken on a physician's prescription.

3. I do not think you are especially interested in the size of your heart. What you want to know is: Does the pounding ever abate? The answer is, yes. In many cases of goiter the heart beats down, beats calmly, slowly and normally.

## ITALY SENDS WARSHIPS TO PROTECT ALBANIAN INTEREST

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The revolution in Albania is said to be spreading and the Italians who occupied the seaport of Avlona have sent a battleship to Durazzo to protect Italian interests at the Albanian port.

## BARON WIMBORNE LORD LIEUTENANT OF IRELAND

LONDON, Jan. 3.—Baron Wimborne, who last summer took to the United States the victorious British polo team, has been appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, in succession to the Marquis of Aberden. The baron will take office February 11.



# Our Annual Sale of Fancy Shirts Reduced in Price

This sale includes soft turnback cuffs as well as the stiff cuff. Not a single shirt bought for this sale. All our regular values.

Shirts that were our \$1.50 value now... **\$1.00**

Shirts that were our \$2.00 and \$2.50 value now... **\$1.45**

Shirts that were our \$2.50 value now... **\$1.85**

Perkins-Shearer Co.

## New Classes Will Be Organized in Day & Evening Session

We are at our new location and may enroll now. The best equipped and most modern school of its kind that has ever been in Colorado.

What I tell you Jan. 4.

222-27 E. Pike Ave.

## Get Good Music The Victrola is a Joy For You

You get music that is worth while. We will give all the time necessary to please exacting customers.

Wm. R. Willis

## TWO CONVECTIONS AT Y. M. C. A. LOBBY MEETING

Edw. Jett's gospel (—) had the of the main yesterday afternoon at the Y. M. C. A. — in a large hall of — were in attendance. Two convocations were made during the meeting. Mrs. E. E. Brewster sang a song. Mrs. E. E. Brewster sang a song. Mrs. E. E. Brewster sang a song.

## Better Than Calomel

Don't take Calomel. Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a harmless substitute.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—the substitute for calomel—are a mild but sure cathartic, and their effect on the liver is almost instantaneous. They are the result of Dr. Edwards' determination to treat liver and bowel complaints with calomel. His efforts to banish it brought out these little olive-colored tablets.

## Miss Blanche Palmer Appears in Clever Poster Effect in Living Pictures Wednesday Dr. Walter Morrill and Miss Elizabeth Lockhart to Pose as John Alden and Priscilla



MISS BLANCHE PALMER As "The Girl in the Swing," one of the vivid posters in society's production of living pictures for the benefit of the Belgian relief fund at the Opera house Wednesday.

By "THE CRITIC" From old Plymouth Rock in the sixteenth century to the Twentieth century Manhattan town, from God-fearing Puritan to light-hearted poster girl runs the program for the living pictures that society will stage at the Opera house Wednesday for the benefit of the Belgian relief fund.

Miss Blanche Palmer, niece of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene P. Shove, in a vivid reproduction of one of those dashing poster effects taken from "Vogue" sends a splash of color and a whiff of spice through the pictures. Miss Elizabeth Lockhart and Dr. Walter Morrill, as Priscilla and John Alden, take us back to the Pilgrim days when love sonnets were found in the hymn book.

And romance peeped across the new. Miss Palmer will be seen in an unusually attractive color scheme. Against a dark blue background, through which stream dark red trails of autumn foliage. "The Girl in the Swing" flashes—a bright yellow streak of life and buoyancy. Miss Palmer's resemblance to the original in the picture is striking—she could very well have posed for the artist herself.

It may be only an accident of the makeup—one of those things that happens now and then in even the best-regulated of newspapers—but John Alden, appears to be looking very earnestly at "The Girl in the Swing." Perhaps, to steal a clever line from a clever publication—he is meditating on the comparative merits of "Onward, Christian Soldiers" and "Abide With Me." It is not for us to say.



DR. WALTER MORRILL Widely known for his achievements in scientific research, who will be John Alden in the famous picture of Priscilla and John Alden, in which Miss Elizabeth Lockhart will take the part of Priscilla. Dr. Morrill is superintendent of Beth-El hospital.

## COLORADO SPRINGS WOMAN IS 102 YEARS OLD TODAY

Mrs. Mary Fairbanks, born in 1813, is probably oldest person living in Colorado.

Mrs. Mary Fairbanks, colored, who lives at 818 South Wabash avenue, is 102 years old today.

Mrs. Fairbanks is the oldest person in El Paso county if not in the state of Colorado. She was born in Virginia January 4, 1813. Six months ago Mrs. Fairbanks fell and injured her knee, from which she has not entirely recovered, but she manages to get around, help take care of her great grandchildren and assume various duties that women many years her junior could not attend to. She lives with her grandson, Ralph Motley, who is employed at the Elks club. She has four great grandchildren living in Colorado Springs.

Mrs. Fairbanks believes that she will outlive some of her grandchildren. "People live as fast nowadays," she says. "They live their span of life before their time. When my time comes I will just fall asleep and I believe I will be able to take care for myself until that time comes."

Mrs. Fairbanks was brought up in slavery, during the stirring times when America was adapting itself to new conditions after the War of 1812 and during the time when its growth was rapid. During her early childhood the country was ringing with the exploits of the heroes of the war and John Paul Jones was the popular hero, along with those who gained victories on land.

When she was a mere slip of a girl she was put among a group of slaves to be taken to Louisiana to work in the cotton fields. She was separated from her mother at that time and never saw her again, despite the promises made her that she would be taken back to Virginia.

Cruelty on the part of her owners almost drove her to suicide, she said. At one time they attempted to make her marry another slave and she refused. After a good many years of slavery she was bought, she says, by a Mr. Fairbanks, a white man, who paid \$1,800 for her release. She married him and he went to California during the gold excitement, but did not forget his wife, sending her money regularly. He lost his life returning from California, when the ship in which he was a passenger went down in the Pacific.

Mrs. Fairbanks lived in Cincinnati for several years. Her daughter married George Motley, who came with his wife to Colorado Springs soon after the town was laid out by General Palmer. More than 30 years ago Motley brought his mother-in-law to Colorado Springs. Motley was in the service of General Palmer for many years.

Mrs. Fairbanks maintains that her long life is due largely to the use of cold water for bathing and drinking purposes. For more than 50 years she has followed this practice and her long life attests to the soundness of the principle.

## GERMANY TAKES SPACE AT FRISCO EXPOSITION

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—Despite the European war, two large blocks of space in the Palace of Liberal Arts have just been awarded to the German government by the Panama-Pacific International exposition. It was announced here today.

## Official Christmas Tree in North Park Taken Away Today

The municipal Christmas tree in North park, which has been illuminated every night since Christmas eve, will be dismantled today, now that the holiday season has ended. The tree has been the source of many downtown excursions since Christmas eve, and has proved a novel and effective reminder of the first municipal celebration.

It is probable that next December the Christmas tree plan will be carried out on a more elaborate scale. This year the plan was fostered by Mrs. Prescott Leonard, who worked hard for its success. City officials became interested and the next observance probably will be on a larger scale. Several thousand people gathered around the tree Christmas eve to sing carols.

Buy groceries for cash at Chick's, 401 S. Tejon. Phone 354.

## I. T. U. NO. 82 ELECTS OFFICERS AND DELEGATES

W. J. Snider was elected president of Colorado Springs Typographical union No. 82 at the annual election of officers held yesterday. The other officers are: Walter N. O'Day, vice president; Stephen O'Donnell, secretary-treasurer; E. D. Woodworth, recording secretary; Louis Albrecht, J. E. Cheely and R. H. Suttie, executive committee; P. S. Senoson, Louis Albrecht, Thomas McCaffery, delegates to Allied Printing Trades council; Sam A. Hoon, John U. Daley, W. I. Reilly and Frank S. Ross, delegates to Federated Trades council.

2 Quaker Corn Flakes, 15c. Chick's. Adv.

## NOTICE

I have this day purchased the entire business of THE AVERY - BRICE - HAUFF INSURANCE AND AGENCY COMPANY and will conduct the same in future. All accounts due this firm must be paid to me at Room 11 First National Bank Building, Colorado Springs, Colorado.

Dated this 31st day of December, A. D. 1914.

H. F. AVERY, Agent. Adv.

## Cocoa and Chocolate

—is regarded not less valuable for flesh-making purposes than beef and mutton. DERNGOOD COCOA AND CHOCOLATE are of superior quality and are an admirable substitute for a flesh diet. They are easily digested, highly nutritious and absolutely pure. Priced from 30c to 50c a pound.

DERN'S Makers of Fine Candies 28 S. Tejon St. Phone Main 575

## UP TO SPRINGS TO SHOW THAT PIKES PEAK HIGHWAY IS BEST ROUTE FROM SEA TO SEA

## Motorists Likely to Take Lincoln Highway Through Wyoming Unless Informed of Scenic Road Across Colorado

On account of the publicity acquired by the Lincoln highway through Wyoming, much transcontinental traffic will naturally be diverted to that route unless active steps are taken to assure motorists that there is an entirely practicable route available through the scenic mountain regions of Colorado and Utah.

From the annual report of the streets and highways committee of the Chamber of Commerce.

## Routes Must Be Advertised

The Chamber of Commerce will continue this plan, and before the touring months arrive will probably have placed before the motoring public of America the advantages of the Pikes Peak highway in such a manner as to convince motorists that the scenic route is a better selection in routes than this one. Furthermore, it is quite likely will have reached almost all the touring motorists.

## Must Care for Visitors

Then comes the final part of the work—caring for the touring party when it arrives. This also was touched upon in the streets and highways report, the following quotation showing better what is being done and what will be done for motorists when they reach Colorado Springs on their tour:

"The Chamber of Commerce has been particularly useful to motoring tourists this year by furnishing them with reliable information regarding routes and road conditions. The Automobile club has established headquarters in the Chamber of Commerce rooms and made the secretary of the Chamber of Commerce its secretary-treasurer, thus centralizing such touring information. The Mountain States Telephone company has furnished daily reports of weather and road conditions and, in addition to this, special reports have been obtained at the principal highways.

"This committee has taken part in preparing revised logs of various important roads leading to Colorado Springs. Changes in location of some of these roads have been made, and this has necessitated changing the logs, which has been done up to this time by issuing a supplement to the log book issued by the Chamber of Commerce. The time is now, however, when a new and enlarged log book should be provided, to be issued next spring.

"The Automobile club has arranged for extending its system of road signs from Colorado Springs to Limon. All this work will be completed during the winter or early in the spring.

So, when spring comes, Colorado will be fully prepared to care for the motorists. And it will care for thousands of them, provided the campaigns are pushed as vigorously as at present.

A box of apples, 50c. at Chick's. Adv.

## DECISIONS TODAY FROM STATE SUPREME COURT

Announcements Probably Will Be Last With George W. Musser as Chief Justice

Today will be the last regular day for the supreme court to hand down decisions with George W. Musser of this city as chief justice. An unusually large number of decisions are expected, as the court will endeavor to clean up as many of the cases heard as possible to avoid the necessity of a reargument when Justice Musser's term has expired and James H. Teller has taken his seat on the supreme bench.

As far as possible the danger of necessity of reargument has been avoided by the chief justice, who did not sit in cases likely to go over into the next term. During the argument of the case of Rolles against O'Brien, an appeal from a \$100,000 damage claim in the Colorado Springs, an arrangement of counsel was made whereby, although the court was sitting en banc, Chief Justice Musser was not on the bench and his place was taken unofficially by Judge Teller, counsel for both sides agreeing not to dispute the decision.

The Automobile Blue Book has published logs of Colorado roads, a form of advertising that is invaluable for the Blue Book is the motorist's Bible. The committee also has secured recognition of the Pikes Peak highway from numerous great highway organizations and touring bureaus in the east, and has caused to be published in motor and travel magazines excellent illustrated articles on motoring in the Rockies. In its "See America First" publicity, after the beginning of the European war, highways and motoring received a place of importance in the list of attractions.

After summing up these few matters, the advertising committee's report concludes:

"While the general outlook is for a large volume of business, there are some disturbing factors, and the Pikes Peak region should not take it for granted that a big percentage of this travel will come this way without effort on the part of the region."

This paragraph referred more particularly to rail tourists, but it applied equally well to motorists. Definite campaigns must be carried out.

## Campaign Now Under Way

Let it not be thought that such campaigns are being overlooked. Small advertisements are being carried in a number of the larger and better magazines and periodicals featuring Colorado Springs as a winter resort, and each ad carries a line relative to Colorado's mountain highways and the advice that they be considered in planning a transcontinental tour during the coming year.

"The big advertising 'stunts' however, are those which have been carried out by Secretary A. W. Henderson of the Chamber of Commerce during the last few months. They take the form of special articles, with illustrations on motoring in the mountains, and have appeared in some of the best magazines published. The latest, and greatest, achievement for Henderson was his two-page story in "Town and Country" for January 1. "Town and Country" is America's greatest society magazine, and is circulated almost exclusively among the wealthy who will be forced this year to tour America instead of Europe. This one article alone should bring some few hundreds, for "Town and Country" publishes the article only upon confirming it and the word of the publisher is back of the statements. Other similar stories have been placed nearly as well. This feature of the work is the most important; it is the kind of advertising that cannot be purchased.

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A box of apples, 50c. at Chick's. Adv.

## SALE AT ROBBINS'

SUITS & OVERCOATS FOR MEN & BOYS

1/4 off

Blues and Blacks Included

## Suits and Overcoats

\$30.00 Suit or Overcoat—1/4 off ..... \$22.50

\$27.50 Suit or Overcoat—1/4 off ..... \$20.60

\$25.00 Suit or Overcoat—1/4 off ..... \$18.75

\$22.50 Suit or Overcoat—1/4 off ..... \$16.85

\$20.00 Suit or Overcoat—1/4 off ..... \$15.00

\$18.00 Suit or Overcoat—1/4 off ..... \$13.50

\$16.50 Suit or Overcoat—1/4 off ..... \$12.35

\$15.00 Suit or Overcoat—1/4 off ..... \$11.25

Robbins'

## Y. W. C. A. HOLDS MEMORIAL FOR MISS GRACE H. DODGE

Mrs. William F. Slocum Pays Tribute to Life of Late National Board President

A special memorial service was held yesterday afternoon at the Y. W. C. A. in memory of Miss Grace H. Dodge, president of the national board of the society, who died recently in New York city after a short illness. The service was conducted by Mrs. William F. Slocum, also a member of the national board, who was closely associated with Miss Dodge in her work for many years. Dr. Mary Noble read a passage from the scripture, chosen by her mother who was one of the founders of the Colorado Springs association. Mrs. Slocum said in part:

"A week ago today Miss Dodge died at her home in New York after a very brief illness. None of us had any intimation that the end was near until we read of it in Monday morning's paper.

The organization of the National Young Women's Christian association eight years ago, Miss Dodge had been president of the national board of the society, which is the center of all the planning for the work of the association. Her efforts two feeble associations were united and became one great association of which we are part, and which has had a phenomenal growth throughout the whole country. It is due largely to her character, her spirit, her conception of the need and possibilities of this work that this development has come.

She was a large-minded woman, and while she planned for the larger development of the work, she also followed its details in a wonderful way. She was deeply interested in our Colorado Springs association when it became affiliated with the national movement, and her presence here was a constant reminder of her contribution to it on various occasions. She was very happy when this building was erected, and our work established as it could be only by having such a building.

From her early youth Miss Dodge was privileged in being surrounded by those whose first desire was to help others to a better life. She became interested in work for girls while very young, and was entrusted with the training of character, her spirit, her conception of the need and possibilities of this work that this development has come.

Her social position and wealth were all made to serve the unselfish purposes of her life. I am sure there is no other woman in New York to whom young women would desire to pay the tribute of respect and affection as for as we can, the same kind of light and inspiration that she did.

## FIRE INSURANCE

Having rendered the insurance business, I respectfully solicit the patronage of all persons who desire prompt and satisfactory service.

H. F. AVERY, Agent, Room 11 First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 178. Adv.

## PRAYERS OFFERED FOR SUCCESS OF ALLIES

ROME, Jan. 3. Special prayers were said today in all the English churches in Italy for the ultimate victory of the triple entente nations.



# DON'T SEND YOUR MONEY AWAY MADE IN COLORADO SPRINGS

## The Holland Dairy

Is the home of **SINTON'S SPECIAL MILK**. Have you seen it?

If you once witness the home, the cows, the care, the methods, the dispatch, of **SINTON'S SPECIAL**, you will drink no other.

## Pure Wholesome Mineral Water

from the Crystal Mountain Springs of the Pikes Peak Region, will add much to your table.

Agents for Clark Magneur Water of Pueblo.

**Colorado Mineral Water Co.**  
PHONE 583.

## HOLLYWOOD BUTTER MADE AT HOME

Awarded the highest score of any Colorado Creamery Butter, by C. M. Weaver & Co., Chicago, Ill. The largest handlers of Creamery Butter in Chicago. For Sale by All Leading Grocers. Insist on **HOLLYWOOD** Colorado Springs, Colo. Phone Main 611

## P. H. WISKERKE UPHOLSTERING

DRAPERIES TO ORDER  
PHONE MAIN 1790  
BOX SPRINGS MATTRESSES CUSHIONS  
FURNITURE REPAIRING AND REFINISHING  
REAR 210 N. TEJON ST. COLORADO SPRINGS

## The Colorado Concrete Manufacturing Co.

Manufacturers of  
Gleed Cement Sewer and Culvert Pipe and Other Concrete Products.

Plant 12, Mining Exchange Building, Colorado Springs.  
Telephone Main 387.

## BUILT WITH BRICK The National Clay Products Company

Manufacturers of  
Common and Face Brick  
of  
**SUPERIOR QUALITY**.  
Orders Promptly Filled & Delivered  
PHONE MAIN 1874  
Frank G. Meier, Genl. Mgr.

**DELICIOUS HOME-MADE BREAD**  
None better made, and you will like the big, wholesome, fluffy loaves they are good for you. Fresh daily.

3 10c loaves for 25c  
6 5c loaves for 25c

Fresh rolls and biscuits every day, just as good as our bread.

**D. W. SMITH**  
(GROCER)

Phone 161-162

717 N. Weber



## Sweet Apple Cider

Fresh from press this week.  
"The real juice of real apples"

**The McKinney-Roberts Co.**

"Your grocer has it"

## ONE THOUSAND FAMILIES USE Mowry's Golden Glow Butter

Sold only at retail and delivered direct to you by our own delivery service  
PHONES MAIN 1184 AND 619  
Manufacturers of Mowry's Delicious ICE CREAM AND ICES

## The Beaute Salon de Luxe

offers the best service in the city. Those who appreciate better beauty work will do well to make us a call.

**M. D. Hillmer**  
6 E. PIKES PEAK AVE.  
Phone Main 760

If you are particular about Butter, do not forget to include in your next grocery order a pound of



and you will find it so  
Manufactured by  
**The I. X. I. Creamery Co.**  
At Home.

## Home Industry Talks

SOME OF THE THINGS PATRONIZING HOME INDUSTRIES WILL DO

Make possible a larger number of manufactures.

Result in the establishment of new stores and enterprises.

Decrease taxes by increasing the wealth of the city without adding to the cost of administration.

Permit more public and private improvements.

Enhance property values and increase bank deposits, and indirectly furnish more funds for various philanthropic enterprises.

## Lieberman & Kapsch

Manufacturers of  
Daybeds and Large Easy Chairs  
Fine Upholstering and Repairing.  
DEALERS IN ANTIQUES

Phone Main 1153

Independence Building

## Fluff Rug and Carpet Weaving

Rugs Made Any Size  
"Fluff Rugs Sold."  
Experienced Workmen.  
Satisfaction Guaranteed

The Cleaver  
Compressed Air and Steam  
Carpet Cleaning Co.

Geo. E. Pauline, Mgr.  
Phone Main 3927  
1524 Marlow Boulevard  
Colorado Springs, Colo.

P.D. — P.D. — P.D. — P.D. — P.D.  
THE BEST BREAD IN THE WORLD  
**Pan Dandy**  
OF COURSE  
Order of your grocer or  
**The Star Bakery Co.**  
PHONE MAIN 785 417 SOUTH TEJON ST.  
P.D. — P.D. — P.D. — P.D. — P.D.

## The Stainsky Fur and Taxidermy Co.

Our stock of practical, useful furs intended for the season is complete in every department. A visit to our store will greatly assist you in making your selections.

**LADIES' FURS**—You can save 25 to 50% by making your purchases now. Our furs are made of superb and lustrous pelts. Furs of pleasing originality, are the extremely novel creation of fur wigs, coats, stoles and muffs.

**MOUNTING BIRDS, ANIMALS, GAME HEADS**, at reasonable prices.  
Game heads attractive for gifts for holiday gifts

Phone Main 2887

**AL STARK**

ALL KINDS OF HAULING  
CONTRACTING A SPECIALTY.  
Dirt, Gravel and Sand, Promptly Delivered.

Phone Main 2887

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY

"Read The Gazette"

60c—PER MONTH—60c  
EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER NOTARY PUBLIC

Get Your

**MULTIGRAPHING**

Done by

THE MULTIGRAPHING JOB OFFICE

314 Burns Bldg. RALPH E. MINTER M. 1119

## Pyorrheagen Tooth Paste

For the treatment and prevention of Pyorrhea, sore, spongy, tender and bleeding gums. Overcomes acid mouth and prevents decay. Satisfaction guaranteed. Extra large tubes, 50 cents. All druggists.

## The Newton Lumber & Manufacturing Co.

Lumber of All Kinds, Mill-work of All Kinds, Paints, Oil, Glass, etc.; Corrugated Iron, Nails, etc., etc.; Cement and Plaster.

AGENTS FOR BEAVER BOARD

Phone Main 62.

## The KLEIN Automobile and Carriage PAINT SHOP

610 512 W. Huerfano St. W. O. DRENNAN, Prop. Phone Main 2740  
Also proprietor of the PIONEER and MANITOU LIVERYES.  
Daily-Hire and Saddle Horses  
Phone Hyland 9 Manitou, Colo.

I CAN GET BETTER WORK AT AS GOOD PRICES  
BY LEAVING YOUR CUT WORK  
WITH THE ONLY ENGRAVING HOUSE  
OPERATED IN COLORADO SPRINGS  
**The Howard Engraving Co.**  
127 E. KIOWA STREET PHONE M 2680

## IDEAL Auto Paint Shop

For First-Class Automobile AND Carriage PAINTING  
Send Your Work to Us.  
WM. E. FORCE, MGR.  
19 W. Huerfano St.  
Phone Main 560.

## Auto Tops

SEAT COVERS

AUTO and CARRIAGE TRIMMING

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

**J. W. HARTMAN**  
19 W. Huerfano St.  
Phone Main 568.



**ZIMMERMAN SUPPLY CO**  
Phone Main 323      31 E Kiowa St  
**'or S's Rambling House:**  
FURNITURE of \$-6000; house and  
rent cottage; rooms all full; rates  
reasonable. See S. Nevada

... violet ray treatment for scalp,  
nail and body. Mailings. Also jars  
Mrs. Mowatt, 126 N. Nevada

Acres of ground, all clear, to  
for nice, small property, clear,  
o. Springs. Want to deal with  
See owner, 613 E. Teton.

E-5-room house for auto,  
or furniture. Call 309 Wash-  
Colo. City.

ED-To trade almost new 6-  
seater in good condition for  
new. J. J. Martin, 1015 E. Teton.

FRA-  
H B

LOST-  
rudy

LOST  
sette

W 78.  
died.

RNI: PIN, with initials. R.  
 on back Reward at this office.  
 Gold Kappa Sigma pin, set with  
 and pearl. Reward at Gazette.  
 bunch of keys. Return to Ga-  
 office.  
 on ring, in or near ...  
 ... return to ...

for the purpose of electing  
of Directors and for such  
matters as may properly come  
meeting  
W. E. JOHNSON,  
Cashier.

**KELTON WILLIAMS**  
of currency, in his annual  
his office and recommends  
anking law of the coun-  
amended as to place it in  
of the controllers of  
alize by imposition of an-

City of Jamez, Mich  
 DAN L. LYNN-Orth....., 3:35 PM

**Chile and Pacific Coast** 12:30 pm  
**Chile & Peru** 1:30 pm  
 From Cr. at Union Ave.  
 Wood Lakeville 6:30 am  
 From Cripple Creek V. & R. 11:05 am

### THE CRIPPLE CREEK TRIP

Effective October 9, 1914  
 Daily Leave Golden Springs 11:50 am  
 Arrive Cripple Creek 4:00 pm  
 Daily Leave Cripple Creek 4:00 pm  
 Arrive Golden Springs 7:00 pm  
 Trips twice and depart from the  
 Colorado & Southern station,  
 as follows:

### MISSOURI PACIFIC

Effective Nov. 8, 1914  
 Ticket Office, 120 E. Third St. Park Ave.  
 Phone Main 96

	Depart
To Union Station	Daily
To St. Louis, St. Joseph,	
Richmond, Lawrence, etc.,	
Wichita and Hot Springs.	
Ark daily	6:10 pm
Part Ball & Local	
St. Joseph, Kansas	
City, St. Joseph, Leola	
and El Dorado.....	2:30 pm

**NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE**





Our New Years resolutions are to give you better service, better drugs (if possible) for less money, do more business this year than last, and make more money for us.

**D.Y. Butcher Drug Co.**  
"CUSTOMER FIRST!"  
310 MAIN ST. AND 700 CORNER OPPOSITE P. O.  
Quickest Delivery Service in This Town

**WHITE GOODS SALE** Mus-  
lin Under-  
1/3 Off  
**I. POLANT**  
110 S. Tejon St.

**THE WEATHER**  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Forecast:  
Colorado—Fair Monday, Tuesday, fair  
and snow or rain central and west.  
The following meteorological record  
is furnished by the Colorado Spring  
weather bureau for the 24 hours end-  
ing at 6 p. m.:  
Temperature at 6 a. m. .... 13  
Temperature at 12 m. .... 42  
Temperature at 6 p. m. .... 30  
Maximum temperature .... 46  
Minimum temperature .... 14  
Mean temperature .... 30  
Max. bar. pres. inches .... 24.15  
Min. bar. pres. inches .... 24.15  
Dir. val. of wind per hour .... 4  
Max. val. of wind per hour .... 12  
Relative humidity at noon .... 77  
Dew point at noon .... 12  
Precipitation in inches .... 0

**NO AUTOMOBILE BARGAINS** A  
few days ago an electric coupe at  
\$1,000 for \$400. See the Ad.  
W. H. HALL, 110 S. Tejon St.

**STORE ROBBED**—Early yesterday  
morning thieves entered the West  
Side pharmacy, corner of West Huer-  
fano and 14th streets, and secured  
about \$10 worth of cigars.

**THE S. A. H. BAKERY** will now de-  
liver on short notice orders for fancy  
pastry, etc. 114 North  
Tejon St. Phone 2946. Joseph  
S. H. Baker, Prop.

**Societies and Clubs**

The Ladies' Aid society of the Boul-  
der street Presbyterian church will  
meet at the home of Mrs. D. R. An-  
derson, 811 North Outer street, tomor-  
row afternoon at 2 o'clock. There  
will be important business.

The Woman's Home Missionary so-  
ciety of the First M. E. church will  
meet Tuesday, February 2.

The annual meeting of the congre-  
gation of the First Lutheran church  
will be held Wednesday evening, at 7  
o'clock. After the business meeting  
the congregation will be the guests of  
the pastor and officers of the church  
and their wives as follows: Rev. and  
Mrs. Robert B. Wolf, Mr. and Mrs. A.  
F. Haak, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Kelly,  
Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Reischner, Mr. and  
Mrs. H. L. Wiley and Mr. S. M. Wertz.

The Scottish Rite Masons will have a  
social meeting at the home of Dr. C.  
R. Arnold, 116 East Dale street, Tues-  
day evening at 8 o'clock. Members out  
of any valley in the Rite are cordially  
invited to come and get acquainted.

**Personal Mention**

Dr. C. B. Morrison has returned from  
his vacation and is at his home, 218  
Colorado avenue.

Miss Marian Perkins, daughter of  
Mrs. Mary V. Perkins has gone to  
Pueblo, where she will take the position  
of school nurse.

**GOSPEL TEAMS PLAN  
ADDITIONAL MEETINGS**

The laymen's gospel teams are  
planning to visit the various sanatoria  
and hospitals of the region for meet-  
ings within the next few weeks, and  
yesterday team No. 18 held services  
at Sunnyside sanatorium. In addition  
to that meeting, team No. 11 held  
services at Fountain No. 24 at the  
First Christian church in Colorado  
city and team No. 8 at Elliott. The  
attendance at all meetings was large.

**'A Look Ahead' Is  
Theme of Sermon  
by Rev. R. B. Wolf**

"A Look Ahead" was the theme of  
a New Years sermon at the First Lu-  
theran church yesterday by the pas-  
tor, the Rev. Robert B. Wolf. After  
speaking of the mystery that covers  
the future, Mr. Wolf said in part:  
Over against the mystery of the fu-  
ture stands the certainty that is con-  
nected with it. There are some things  
we know and many more we could  
know if we would. While the future  
does not in any sense lie spread out  
like a panorama from a mountain top,  
yet the laws of inference and deduc-  
tion are as applicable to human ex-  
perience as they are to any other de-  
partment of knowledge and hardly  
less certain when so applied. The fu-  
ture may to a considerable degree be  
inferred from the past, and the process  
is not involved, either. A scientist can  
from a single bone reconstruct the  
skeleton of a prehistoric animal, or  
from a small section of a building dug  
out of the ashes of the past, an ar-  
chaeologist can restore the original, in  
either case with as much assurance as  
if they had seen the object. It is for  
them a mere matter of calculation and  
deduction. Our processes are much sim-  
pler and our conclusions should be cor-  
respondingly more certain and sure.

**May Anticipate Future.**  
From the past we anticipate that  
the future will bring us variety. It is  
our common human experience to have  
both joy and sorrow, gratification and  
disappointment, success and failure,  
laughter and tears, and we may expect  
the days ahead to have these in store  
for us. We cannot know the specific  
incidents which are to occur, but what  
is of very much more worth, we can  
know whether our accumulations of  
material things is to be increased, but  
we can ascertain what effect such ac-  
cumulations are likely to have upon us.  
We may not know what particular  
trials or disappointments we are to  
have, but we may know whether we  
are likely to be strong and patient in  
them.  
As a matter of fact, what we shall  
be depends very largely upon what we  
are now. The future is the product of  
the present just as the present is the  
resultant of the past. This applies to  
the immediate future which lies di-  
rectly before us, as well as to that  
more or less distant future which  
comes after the life that now is. We  
will be what we are now, and we are  
what we have been. Just as we are  
wise and noble and pure and true now,  
there is more than a thread of con-  
tinuity running through our lives. The  
chances of any radical change in us  
are extremely remote, and these  
chances become less as the years go  
by. And so we may look at ourselves  
and discount in advance what we shall  
be with reasonable accuracy by allow-  
ing for the rate of progress or retro-  
gression to which we may have com-  
mitted ourselves.

**Must Reckon With God.**  
And among all the things we have  
acquired or accumulated, the most val-  
uable in determining the future is our  
relation to God. We have to reckon with  
him whether we want to or not. Ig-  
noring God does not eliminate him.  
There are still some mistaken individ-  
uals who get the idea that religion is  
for the ignorant and uninformed,  
and that it is the mark of a strong  
man to be above all that. But that is  
the mistake. Culture does not just  
above all this. The greatest accom-  
plishment education can confer is to  
make us able to appreciate more fully  
the grandeur and sublimity of the Cre-  
ator.

The further we advance, the closer  
we get, the more sublime God ap-  
pears to us. The depths of the riches  
both of the wisdom and knowledge of  
God. How unsearchable are his judg-  
ments and his ways past finding out.

Whole or half pint, 11c. Chik's,  
401 S. Tejon. Phone 294.

**Visit the Bakery  
Department  
PHELPS**  
111 E. BIJOU

**WHY NOT try the PLAZA** when you  
can get—  
Suite of 2 rooms with bath ..... \$20.00  
Suite of 3 rooms ..... 25.00  
Suite of 2 rooms ..... 20.00  
Other rooms from \$8.00 a month up  
Come in and see.

**Norwegian  
Mackerel**

—those great, large white ones  
that are so thick and meaty.  
Caught in the cold waters off  
the coast of Norway and then  
cured and packed by the fisher-  
folk while in the prime of con-  
dition. We receive them in origi-  
nal packages which is your  
guarantee of original quality.  
These large ones are especially  
fine for broiling.

**Sommers Market**  
QUARTER MARKET GOODS  
112 S. JASON ST.  
604-116

**Satisfaction  
Guaranteed**

"I'll trade this year at Burgess",  
where satisfaction is guaran-  
teed. There's a New Year resolu-  
tion which will give you daily  
dividends of the best foods, fine  
meats and fancy groceries, re-  
sulting in your good health and  
happiness.  
You can shop as well over the  
phone here as though you came  
in person, and every order will  
be carefully filled by competent  
men. Our drivers are careful, and  
our whole organization is a unit  
in its endeavor to give you good  
service.

**BURGESS**  
PHONE MAIN EIGHTY-THREE  
112-114 N. Tejon St.

**The Craftwood Shops**

Town Salesrooms  
19 S. Pike's Peak Ave.  
**JOHN C. HALL, VETERAN  
STREET CAR MAN, DIES**

John C. Hall, aged 62 years, died yester-  
day at his home, 1507 North Weber  
street. He was born in St. Charles  
county, Missouri and came to Colo-  
rado Springs in 1900. For the last 13  
years he had been a conductor em-  
ployed by the Colorado Springs and  
Interurban Railway company. He is  
survived by a wife and a daughter,  
Ethel, both of whom are living in this  
city, and two sisters living in Cald-  
well, Ida.  
The funeral will be held from the  
residence tomorrow morning at 10  
o'clock, the Rev. Samuel Garvin officiat-  
ing. Local division No. 19 of the  
Amalgamated Association of Street and  
Electrical Railway Employees will have  
charge of the services. Interment will  
be in New Florence, Mo.

**Owner—Here, what are you doing?**  
Don't you know you're never allowed to  
take a dog out of this water? Angler  
(three hours without a bite)—I'm not  
taking them out; I'm feeding them.—  
Tid-bits.

**STOPS HEADACHE,  
PAIN, NEURALGIA**

You can clear your head and relieve  
a splitting or violent throbbing  
headache in a moment with a Dr.  
James' Headache Powder. This old-  
time headache relief acts almost magi-  
cally. Send one to the drug store  
now for a dime package and a few mo-  
ments after you take a powder you  
will wonder what became of the head-  
ache, neuralgia and pain. Stop suffer-  
ing! It's needless. Be sure you get what  
you want for.

**Edison Wax Records**

A few more left, going at \$1 per dozen.  
**Hillbrand's**  
125 1/2 N. Tejon Phone 913

**LIGNITE SLACK**

Suitable for Greenhouses and Steam  
Heating Plants  
1.00 PER TON, DELIVERED  
**Tudor Coal Co.**  
Phone 676 116 E. Cucheras St.

**WILL CORNELISON**  
Formerly of Cornelison & Kau,  
30 1/2 N. Tejon, now has the  
management of  
**THE FRUIT & CANDY CO.**  
ODEON THEATER

**O. W. FAULKNER  
MORTICIAN**

Phone 1218 218 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

**OUR GARAGE**  
is well heated. Store your car  
with us this winter; the service is  
unexcelled. Rates that will appeal  
to you.

**BIG 4  
AUTO CO.**

Phone 411 Opp. Antlers

For Cut Flowers  
call **CRUMP**  
Phone 509  
511 East Columbia

**PIERCE'S  
FAVORITE  
PRESCRIPTION**

**Churches Announce  
Meetings in Week of  
Prayer Observance**

Special vesper services will be held  
every evening this week at 7:30 o'clock  
at the Boulder Street Presbyterian  
church to celebrate the week of uni-  
versal prayer, in accordance with the  
annual custom. An interesting pro-  
gram of lectures has been arranged,  
as follows: This evening, "A Call to  
Prayer," T. L. Kirkpatrick; tomor-  
row, "The Secret Service Man," the  
Rev. R. A. Pollock; Wednesday, the  
Rev. J. T. Ewart; Thursday, "The  
Harm the Church Buffers Through  
Lack of Prayer," Adjt. J. P. Shearer;  
Friday, "The Laws of Spiritual Har-  
vest," the Rev. W. E. Barnett; Satur-  
day, "Taking Men Alive," the Rev.  
Morton Joslin.

At the Second Presbyterian church  
cottage meetings will be held at the  
following homes: This evening, Mr.  
and Mrs. E. Crutchfield, 1304 Grant  
avenue; Thursday, Mr. and Mrs. J. E.  
Lambert, 1518 Park avenue; Friday,  
Mr. and Mrs. Barnett, 1011 East Com-  
merce street. The meeting Wednesday  
night will be held at the church and  
will be in charge of the Rev. Morton  
Joslin.

**SCHOOLS REOPEN TODAY  
FOR LONG WINTER TERM**

The Christmas holidays, with their  
attendant joys and festivities, have  
run their merry course all too quickly,  
and this morning the school bells will  
sound the recall to a long winter term  
of hard work. All day yesterday  
trains brought back scores of boys and  
girls and the stations are full of bags  
and baggage. Colorado college stu-  
dents, who scattered more than ever  
this year for the vacation, are filling  
the empty buildings, and only a few  
stragglers are missing. High school  
students and the grade school children  
will greet their teachers again this  
morning with varying degrees of  
cheerfulness. Ideal weather has  
marked the vacation periods.

**YESTERDAY'S CONCERT NETS  
\$50 MORE THAN EXPENSES**

From the financial standpoint, the  
Musical club orchestra concert at the  
Burns theater yesterday afternoon was the  
most successful of the season. The col-  
lection totaled something more than  
\$150 or more than \$50 above expenses.  
With the exception of one Sunday, yester-  
day marked the first time the club  
has realized expenses on a concert this  
season.  
The crowd also was the largest of the  
year, the theater being filled, with  
some standing room being taken.  
The appearance of the combined  
boys' choirs of the Grace and St. Ste-  
phens Episcopal churches probably had  
much to do with the size of the crowd.  
The choir sang the "Hallelujah  
Chorus" from Handel's "The Messiah."  
The reception given them was by far  
the most demonstrative at a Musical  
club event this season, and the audience  
refused to be content with the one  
number.  
The success of the benefit concert to  
be given by the orchestra January  
19 has been practically assured by the  
subscriptions for seats received after  
yesterday afternoon's concert. Blank  
orders were given out at the concert,  
and several hundred were returned  
filled out to the box office during the  
afternoon. The orders will be filled in  
the order received. Mail orders may be  
sent to the orchestra committee of the  
Musical club at any time.

**Commercial Club to  
Give Oyster Supper**

About 200 people are expected at the  
oyster supper and entertainment to-  
morrow night at the Colorado City  
Commercial club, corner of Ninth  
street and Colorado avenue. The  
building will be thrown open to visi-  
tors. The reception will be from 6 to  
9 o'clock. The proceeds of the banquet  
will be given to the club for heating  
and equipment purposes.  
The Commercial club now has an en-  
rollment of 121 members and is in a  
flourishing condition, according to  
President W. S. Everett. The begin-  
ning of the new year was marked by  
the initiation of 10 new members.  
The regular biweekly debate will be  
held Tuesday, January 12. The pub-  
lic is invited to attend the supper to-  
morrow evening.

**CACTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

3 lbs sausage, 25c. Chik's. Adv.

**WILL ASK EVERYONE TO  
GO TO PRAYER MEETING**

Plans for the "go to prayer meet-  
ings" campaign, which will be inaugu-  
rated Wednesday by all the churches,  
will be perfected at a meeting of the  
Ministerial association this morning at  
11 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. Prepara-  
tions for the event are completed,  
and several thousand circulars, telling  
of the proposed work, have been dis-  
tributed in all parts of the city. It  
is expected that several thousand people  
will be induced to attend the meetings,  
which will be held every Wednesday  
evening this month at the churches.

**MRS. LYDIA J. CRAWFORD DIES**

Mrs. Lydia J. Crawford, 64 years old,  
died last night at her home, 330 East  
1st Vegas street. She is survived by  
her husband, A. Crawford, four broth-  
ers, J. G. T. M., W. H. and C. G.  
Crawford all of this city, and a sister,  
Mrs. M. Monroe of Iowa. The funeral  
will be held from Fairview chapel to-  
morrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, and  
interment will be in Evergreen ceme-  
tery.  
A round steak, 15c. lb., at Chik's.  
Adv.

**Gentlemen**

We Are Now Offering You  
an Opportunity Whereby  
You Can Save

**25%**

On any Suit or Overcoat of  
the finest clothing in the  
city, either ready-to-wear  
or made to your measure.

Why not avail yourself  
of this chance?

See Us Before  
Buying

**M. GREENBERG**  
NEW YORK TAILOR  
AND CLOTHIER  
16 S. Tejon St.

What the Press  
Agents Say

"EUDORA"

Today, at the Empress, the seventh  
episode of this mystifying serial, en-  
titled "The Mystery of The Lost  
Ships" will be shown. In this episode  
we have two extraordinary climaxes—  
one showing the blowing up of a bat-  
tle-ship at sea, and the other the de-  
struction by fire of one of the finest  
old mansions in suburban New York.  
This latter event has been arranged at  
great cost and will furnish a thrilling  
recapitulation of the heroine, Eudora, by John  
Storm, the hero. It is a fact that Mar-  
garet Snow had a miraculous escape  
from death in this latter scene.

"When Fate Rebelled" a Princess  
single-act feature, is also on the bill.  
The story in which a girl's heroism  
is richly rewarded, with beautiful Mur-  
ray and Boyd Marshall in the  
leading roles. It is a story you will  
like, because it's human.

"Hogan's Wild Oats" is a Keystone  
comedy, with Charlie Murray, late of  
Murray and Mack, in the title role. We  
need not tell you it's funny, or that it  
will make you laugh. You already  
know that. Charlie Murray has made  
millions laugh with his eccentric atti-  
tudes in the past, and laughter is his  
front name. A good show to start the  
week with, so don't miss it.

**"BRINGING UP FATHER"**

Tonight will be "Jubilee night" at  
the Opera house, when Gus Hill's gor-  
geous production of George McManus'  
famous cartoon play "Bringing Up  
Father," visits this city. Everybody  
who reads a newspaper has seen the  
funny "Father" pictures, and to see  
them is to laugh. They would make  
the Egyptian Sphinx laugh. No mere  
play in the past decade has left such  
a trail of merriment as has this clever  
musical comedy conceit by the New  
York American's clever cartoonist,  
George McManus. Capacity audiences  
have greeted their appearance in every  
town and city fortunate enough to have  
secured a date. New York, Chicago  
and Boston laughed over their absurd  
antics for months. Everywhere it has  
been pronounced the best musical com-  
edy of the season, not alone in words,  
but box office records have been es-  
tablished unapproached by any other  
attraction. All of this indisputable evi-  
dence of real merit in the play which  
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